

William Joseph, informant



Uldall and Bill Joe



Roundhouse at Auburn



Bill Joe's house

1. Theft of Fire

1. bəʻppajim kyjysým kumdi pajjotomatoj. hace, "tá wwajdi cajcý tá wwajdi cajcý, hatomatoj cajitim. hace ca cakawunuknukun kutin ham rekojtomatoj tá wajim kawná.

2. han my·m káwdi 'ydíkťomatoj. haće hedém lo·m lá·lakám my·m kyjysým má·nom tújťomatoj muktín satín. haće ćá·ćakawunúknukúm mysé·jé·m wono ťéjťomatoj tujićé bá·ppajím je· ťejín wonón walkátťomatoj² sa. han to·pínťomatoj.

3. haće wítte m ćenón, "sa lon to kój niseké," háťomatoj. han hu dokójisán we nýnné ťomatoj.

4. han cítokóm car sutój hahawejé tomatoj. han myjá mam karm ká matoj citokóm carn polóm carn ham sa wohó.

5. haće kúmdi to dáwfomatoj. han mukujé tín satín pajjófomatoj. haće ćajitím dúlbó fomatoj. han béndájfomatoj dulí: haće 'u tím jypýtsípfomatoj kawím ma noná bý kójfomatoj. han myjém ka m ká matoj hedém ća m wonó.

6. han myjé bendajićé bu·m bú·ťomatoj. haće bá·ppajím kyjysým ?ysípťomatoj ťynín. haće hýmhymím my·m héspem hí·npem kyjysýmatoj, bú·he· bu·m sićíkmám. han my·m bylylí hí·npe mysématoj mysém bosisípťomatoj bu·ćé.

7. han my·m pyjćadí wonóťomatoj lumajím. han my·m myjém.

2. Mouse Kills Coyote

1. ?olém sapwijí kylepéťomatoj.³ han ?ú·ti julújwó·ťomatoj mysé lumáj?en. hace julújťomatoj. han julújtó·dawín býjťomatoj. hace ?olém kotdokojín nýnkó·juťomatoj.

^{&#}x27;cajćy is an imitation of Bluejay's cry; cf. cajit, 'bluejay.'

²wəlkət is to sneak something away; lo (1.3), to take something you have no right to.

³kyle-pe, literally 'woman-have,' is transitive: '(he) woman-had three.'

1. Theft of Fire

- 1. All the animals danced in the roundhouse. Bluejay said, "In the West ćajćý, 1 in the West, ćajćý." Then Field Mouse and Deer went to the West country to get (the fire).
- 2. They arrived in that country. This Honker Goose and the Gray Goose and all those birds were asleep and had a great fire. Field Mouse trimmed their wing feathers while they slept, and when he had finished trimming all their wing feathers he stole the fire. Then he came this way with it.
- 3. Then one (of the birds) woke up. "They are getting away with stealing the fire from us," he said. When he tried to fly up he just rolled around.
- 4. Then (Field Mouse) touched poison oak trees and buckeye trees with the fire every time he came to one as he went along. It is said that this is why poison oak and buckeye wood are used for fire drills.
- 5. (Field Mouse) got to the roundhouse with (the fire). They made a great fire and danced. Bluejay kicked the footdrum. He broke the drum. Acorns flew out and scattered all over the country. It is said that that made the trees.
- 6. When he broke that, Skunk broke wind. When they smelled that, all the animals went out. Horned Owl is said to have something the matter with his eyes. Skunk's breaking wind must have stained them. The clear-eyed ones are those that ran out when he broke wind.
 - 7. The feast ended in that place. That is that.

2. Mouse Kills Coyote

1. Coyote had three wives. He told them to pound acorn for feasting. They pounded. When they came from pounding they leached (the acorn).

- 2. han pintomatoj ća ćakawunúknukúm wywwaće, * "pintanowá hesimá m 18 niseké hedém kawím," háťomatoj kylé mysé. haće kylé mysém han, "li ći ćí hipinná pintanokój," háťomatoj. han, "cajaháp notów pintanokój," háťomatoj. pintanóťomatoj. "huwe naná tá j ?ukój," háťomatoj. tosím pintanokój," háťomatoj.
- 3. han li ci cím kələdáw tomatoj. "cájdi myjá mením hedé di bý te "ho tóť komów ?ukój," háťomatoj.
- 4. han bəʻppaj kələdawin, "hedé di bý te ka·m," hátomatoj. ka·m," háťomatoj li·ći·ćím.
- 5. haće ?oseká. satítomatoj. han my m kylé mysé, "mimé byjím wonó han, "pintanowohí spé hedém pyjcám wonó," benťalákwa," háťomatoj. wywwaćé ?okáknohaháťomatoj.
- 6. han pinto pájťomatoj my m ká pém. háťomatoj. han myhé ?éťomatoj hipíndi han ?éťomatoj je ke jekém ča m typypycé. podóksó n wywwaće, "mi ?oseká kúlti nik mi," háťomatoj.
- 7. haće weté wywwatomatoj pinménte, "kújnowes ni min bejdím haće wywwatomatoj ?ypém.
- han kujnótomatoj. haće soto ló wećedékhatimenméncé, " hátomatoj. 8. haće bəkəmtomatoj.
- fomatoj. haće, "?he ?he ," háťomatoj ?olem. ká?as ni min ?ysípkes," háťomatoj, "?ysipké ni· kylé mysé wennekywajín
- 10. haće weté modosinnótomatoj soto ló. haće wo nótomatoj ?olém. kylepébene," háťomatoj. my m myjém ?olé· ká mam ka m. haće ?ysípťomatoj ća ćakawunúknukúm.

3. Lizard Kills Coyote after Fight about Deer

- 1. pitcakám manajím pittataká pajelkójťomatoj ba to jé n. vociktomatoj kutim beti. haće, "my m ba mej nik," háťomatoj. "lówes ni min mejmenménce nik," hátomatoj kutim. pitcakám wásťomatoj.
- 2. "pitcá kbonówes ni min loménce nik," háťomatoj.

^{*}wywwa denotes a special kind of humming with the palm of the hand beating rhythmilótomatoj.

cally on the open mouth. hesima m implies something ominous. 5?oseka includes beads, abalone shell, baskets, bearskins. wono, distributive plural.

⁶pinto -paj. -paj denotes a closing, getting-together kind of activity in general.

⁸?ysip-ke. -ke is more an encouragement than an order. kylepebene. The future im-

^{9&#}x27;Put lizard on' is the informant's translation. The etymology of the word is not clear, perative is often used in giving a promise. and analogous constructions cannot be formed.

- 2. Coyote lay on his back. He heard Field Mouse humming, "Listen! This world is doing something to us," he said to the women. The women listened. "Go up and listen, Hummingbird!" (he) said, "Go north and listen, Blue Razor Snake!" (he) said, then, "Whip Snake, go east and listen!" he said, "Bull Snake, go south!" (he) said, "Water Snake, go west!" (he) said.
- 3. Hummingbird came back. "It is not like that elsewhere, it is only here," said Hummingbird.
 - 4. They all came back and said, "It is only here."
- 5. (He) burned (his) valuables. Then (he) said to those women, "Trample down your leach(ed) acorn!" (He) said, "Let us go around and listen to these places."
- 6. (He) listened towards that fellow (the Field Mouse). Every time (Field Mouse) hummed (he) slid along on his belly. (He) saw a flower stem quiver. (He) saw him lie on top with his legs crossed, humming, "You have made me lose my valuables," Coyote said.
- 7. But Field Mouse hummed nevertheless, not heeding (him), "I will swallow you right now if you don't stop," said (Coyote). He still hummed.
- 8. (Coyote) snatched (him) up. (He) swallowed (him). (He) got stuck in (his) throat. Coyote said, "?he·, ?he·" (cough).
- 9. Field Mouse took a gentle hold with his teeth. " ϕ əhə, I was just playing with you, come out, friend!" said (Coyote), "Do come out, you can choose the best one of my wives and marry (her)," (he) said.
- 10. But Field Mouse bit right through the throat. Coyote died. Then Field Mouse came out. That is that, what Coyote did.

3. Lizard Kills Coyote after Fight about Deer

1. Little Lizard went to eat mesembryanthemum taking salt along. Then he met a buck. "Give me that salt!" said (the buck). Little Lizard refused, "I will take (it) from you if you don't give (it) to me," said Deer.

2. "I will 'put lizard on you' if you take (it) away from me," said (Lizard). But Deer took (it) from (him).

3. haće pitća kám pitćákbonóťomatoj. han wo ntíťomatoj my m beťí. 20

4. han hýdi ?ydawín kylém nehé my kotó, "kó to ko to cýkalaw," 10 han hypywná kələkójťomatoj.

haće kylém ne m ? etatíťomatoj behepí mələkpájťomatoj wonoménte.

5. haće pintanótomatoj. han ?olém, "ni penyoním my hým¹¹ ?unó?asi ?esakmenin. "?ypí ?unopý," háťomatoj. myjná myjé ká céj," háťomatoj. han to kój-

6. han, "?etáp myjé, myjé mý?as ni," háťomatoj ?olém. vunóťomatoj. tomatoj. han móltomatoj ?olem. han my·m kylém nehé· wolosím "to nóp myjé bycymím ka wi nohóm ka to pinín sedéjna wokóťomatoj. "kajpebá·m," háťomatoj.

min kotóm dósbó," háťomatoj. han sojáťomatoj myhé dyjím ka. 7. haće kylém ne m ?esákťomatoj. 2ú·ti 20·pokpokóm 20·ní winnotín. han mejnowó·ťomatoj pitca·kám la·jé.

8. haće kyjysyní depajín¹² muktín wələkəsán ?o· madajćíkťomatoj.

9. haće pe sipí wiťilín saní sydépťomatoj myhé hy. haće wa wán ?əskələwó·ťomatoj.

10. "hedená 'ypí pa pá," háťomatoj manajím məllə pén. haće myhená bohistomatoj ?ujdí.13 ?ypinice wodokonnohaháťomatoj saná məllə ní. hace ťanón wo nóťomatoj.

11. han my·m kyjysý pajélťomatoj my·m pejkutóm, 14 my·m ?olé wo·ntín. my m myjém mysá ká mam ka m.

4. Bear and Deer

- kapám ?epé·péťomatoj kuťi. 15
- han ?ukójťomatoj. 2. han kutím, "ciwí jankojpý," háťomatoj. "hesim do'm nik kujsokdi," háťomatoj. han, "madás¹⁶ nik," háťomatoj.
 - 3. haće kapám, "by kým ni mokólbýs miká."
- 4. haće, "madáskewá nik myjá ménte," háťomatoj. 17 5. haće madásťomatoj. haće makálťomatoj kujsokó madasisán. han pajélťomatoj my m kuťi kapám. han kuťé čolí hukítťomatoj kojoná. han han to kójťomatoj hyná. ćiwní wusúťomatoj.

¹⁰ ko to ko to cykalaw is Latin, according to Bill Joe; there is, however, a Nisenan verb

¹¹ An arrow normally had three feathers, so Coyote's two-feathered arrow was conclućukkelew 'to slip away.'

¹² de-paj, 'accompany one's main course with'-in casu meat. The bread or, more often sive proof of his ownership. acorn soup was the principal food; meat, fish, grasshoppers, salt, etc. were just added delicacies.

TEXTS 2

3. Lizard "put lizard on" (him). He killed that buck. Then he went back to the camp.

- 4. When he came to the house he kept repeating incessantly "ko·to ko·to cykalaw" to the old lady, his grandmother. The old lady, being unable to understand, showed (him) all kinds of things.
- 5. Coyote was listening. Coyote said, "my shot with a two-feather¹¹ (arrow) went there (i.e., where Lizard had just been), maybe that is (what he means). Come on, let us go!" he said. They went.
- 6. "Look at that! I shot that," said Coyote. He carried off (the deer). Coyote skinned (it). He brought a buckskin loincloth that had belonged to that old lady and had been thrown away, and smeared it in the blood, "Take that! And let your grandmother roast it," he said, "The two of you can eat (that) for supper," he said.
- 7. Old lady recognized her old loincloth. She made buns out of acorn and filled them with quartz rock. She told Little Lizard to go and give (them) to (Coyote).
- 8. (He) ate (them) with meat and while chewing mightily happened to bite on a stone. (He) tumbled over.
- 9. (Lizard) stopped up the doorway and set fire to his house. (Coyote) ran around howling inside.
- 10. "Come here, grandfather!" said the boy, who had a club. Every time (Coyote) came up to him, he knocked (him) down into the fire with the club. (Coyote) was burned up and died.
- 11. Grandmother and grandson ate that meat having killed Coyote. That is that, what those two did.

4. Bear and Deer

- 1. Bear had Deer for her sister-in-law.
- 2. Deer said, "Let us go and pick clover." (They) went. (Deer) said, "Something is biting me on the neck." (She) said, "Bite me!"
 - 3. Bear (said), "I am afraid I might bite you in two."
 - 4. (Deer) said, "Don't be like that, go ahead and bite me!"
- 5. (Bear) bit (her). (She) bit the neck in two in the attempt to bite. Bear ate that Deer. She put Deer's head into the pack-basket. She covered (it) with clover. Then she took (it) to the house.

[&]quot;'aujdi, 'inside the house' < 'auj 'house,' which is still used in Konkow but has gone out of use in Nisenan except in the locative forms 'aujdi, 'aujna, 'aujna'n, and as a verb, 'hide' (see text 15, paragraph 6).

pej-kuto-m < pej, 'grandson' + -kuto, a suffix meaning 'and the complementary' which, with pej, is grandfather or -mother.

epe., 'sister-in-law,' is the women's reciprocal term.

madas, 'bite the way dogs chew on themselves to catch fleas.'

Here the sisters-in-law address each other in the dual; cf. singular imperative in th

6. haće kutím la·jím pe·ním, "hóde nik nem," háťomatoj.

7. haće, "hapekoji mý bojé koj mysé ," háťomatoj kapám.

"pajélkewá čiwí honná sykménte," háťomatoj.

hasán ?éťomatoj my ne· colí. 8. haće kutim la jim sýktomatoj honná. han suknanná han ?étomatoj my·m. han wéjdá ťomatoj my ?ejí. vunóťomatoj. han wó ťomatoj háncokóm. "julupis ?u·ti."

9. han kapám, "mé?uwá ?y·sé," háťomatoj. mé vítomatoj kutím la jím pe ním kapám la jé. han kawná tukeján satín hoťomatoj kapám la jé. han ji ćupićé husípťomatoj jakbám po witćý j-

"katpetí na s ?y sé, "18 háťomatoj. ťomatoj. "cahýjkojím na s ?y sém tujím," háťomatoj. han buttukú do ťáťomatoj. "'homodíbe ma·m,' hace, 'hedé dim na·s,' hábene," háťomatoj.

11. han ?ydíkťomatoj ?o·m bylykkajím ?o·dí. han ?o·mtollóm ?o·m myjá·tiwejé·ťomatoj ?ukojín.

sapwijí bopájťomatoj kawludí. haće, "homá·tín han pebá·ťomatoj. 12. haće ?ydíkťomatoj kapám.

?unó?aská·m myjná," háťomatoj. haće hudokó jťomato j 13. haće, "mada dapín vunóp," háťomatoj. ?o·mtollóm ?o·. han bo?óťomatoj. han simí batájťomatoj. han kannó hudokójťomatoj hudokójťomatoj kan. han batájťomatoj kan.

14. haće my týnkým ló ťomatoj sapwijpajdokojićé. han dakupém han bodópmittíťomatoj simí. han wo ntíťomatoj kapá. han dósťomatoj my m kapá kuťím la jím pe ním. han pajélťomatoj. bo? ótomatoj.

15. han hipinná bynó nún reťomatoj my kaká rypinice hipinná n. "nik kakám ?ypiním," háťomatoj.

16. "tu·lemí·m na·s hutupébe mi," háťomatoj my ?ejím.

17. "?ypiním nik kakám," háťomatoj la jkým.

haće ?ydáwťomatoj my kakám. bymi méjťomatoj my kaká. haće pajelisán mokopítkójťomatoj my m bymi. han ?otodokójťomatoj kapán bomítťomatoj haće kynynýnwo nóťomatoj. han kutim

19. han to kójťomatoj kuťím la jím pe né hipinná my kakám. panaká.

20. han la jkým kynynynbomíttíťomatoj kumím pe sipí. hasán ?éťomatoj winim po kynyntóťomatoj. my ne ?ujdí. han kələkojín wéjdá·ťomatoj my ?ejí. haće, "wo·nóťom nisá nam," háťomatoj my ?ejím.

han to dáwťomatoj simí witte pé. 21. haće, "miní ?ekojís."

my ?ejím, "he· ty," háťomatoj. dó dá ťomatoj ma ná. hátomatoj. han ?ujdí ?étomatoj my ne. han micítomatoj háncoknanná n

¹⁸⁷y-se, 'cross-cousin'; for parallel cousins sibling terms are used.

[&]quot;mokopitkoj. The subject (not expressed) is the uncle. bymi, 'bone,' is the object.

- 6. Two little deer said, "Where is my mother?"
- 7. Bear said, "She has gone with (some) hunters." She said, "Go ahead and eat clover, but don't dig down deep!"
- 8. The little deer dug down deep. He saw his mother's head. He told his elder brother. He saw (it). (They) went to the smoke side (of the fire). Both of them cried.
- 9. Then Bear said, "You two look after your cousin, I am going to pound acorn." The two little deer looked after the little bear. They made a hole in the ground and built a fire and cooked the little bear. When (he) was cooked soft, they took (him) out and stripped off the skin of (his) face.
- 10. They showed (him) to their father's sister. "We have painted (our) cousin," they said. "We are going off to get wood, (our) cousin sleeps," they said. They spat on a stump. "When (she) says, 'Where are you?' you say, 'We are here,'" they said. They did like that all along as they went.
- 11. They came to the bylykkaj rock. They heated three crystal rocks in a hole in the rock.
- 12. The bear arrived. She asked. The (she) said, "How did you get up there?"
- 13. (They) said, "Open your mouth and climb!" (He) (the elder deer-boy) picked up a crystal rock. (He) threw (it). (He) missed (her) mouth. (He) picked up (a rock) again. (He) missed again. (He) picked up again, the last one.
- 14. His younger brother took (it) away from (him) when he started the third time. Then he, who was left-handed, threw. He threw (it) right into (her) mouth. He killed the bear. The two little deer roasted that bear. They ate.
- 15. (The younger deer-boy) was looking up and saw his mother's brother coming from above. (He) said, "My mother's brother is coming."
 - 16. We have no relatives, are you crazy?" said his older brother.
 - 17. "My mother's brother is coming," said the little one.
- 18. Then the old one saw (him). Their mother's brother came. (They) gave their mother's brother a bone. As (he) was trying to eat it that bone slipped out of his mouth. (It) went rolling along. (It) got up, turned into a bear, and ran into the thick brush.
- 19. Their mother's brother took the two little deer up in the sky. The deer played at rolling an elk-skin (ball).
- 20. The little one rolled (the ball) in through the roundhouse doorway. He saw his mother inside. He went back and told his elder brother. His elder brother said, "Our mamma died long ago!"
- 21. (The younger brother said), "I will go and get some milk." (He) brought a mouthful. (He) spat (it) out into the hand.
- 22. His elder brother tasted (it). "Yes, younger brother," he said.

 "Let us go!" he said. Inside he saw his mother. (They) sucked from both sides.

23. han po hó momná n wó ťomatoj la jkým. haće my nem nomí welkójťomatoj. han bomítťomatoj tuké. han wo nóťomatoj myjdí. my m la jím pe ním ká matoj jowwo tihí. han wispiltíťomatoj. han my m o nodí visímatoj my m la jím pe ním jowwohó sijé n.

5. Sison

1. wítte m ?okó jamanná ?ukójťomatoj siso ním. han jamandí kotdokojín nynko juťomatoj. han hipinná byno nún ?éťomatoj pejí. haće hu né ťomatoj pejím. han wećeddewín káwdi ?ydáwťomatoj bokítťomatoj myhém hojdí.

2. "hesí ka be mi hede dí," háťomatoj.

3. haće, "we· wo·ko·júm ni," háťomatoj.

4. "?yne·tón²0 ni· hypywná ?ukójbene," háťomatoj pejím.

5. haće, "homodibe min hypywim," háťomatoj.

6. haće, "?ebé mi hodóm jamaní mukujé· ?ébe mi my·m kylymím ?o·m sapwijí my·m ni· hypywím."

7. haće, "sejím ?okó ?yje·na kás myjná·."

8. haće, "týmbo·m pe·nímbo·m ?okó ?yje·ná· mi."

9. haće, "?otó·paj ?yjé·s ni," háťomatoj. han ?ukójťomatoj myjém ?otó. han ?yjé·ťomatoj pe·nímbo·m ?okó. han ?ydíkťomatoj my·m jamaním papakdí. han ?éťomatoj momím pakaním momí. han móťomatoj loktiké·pajín. han ?əskələwó·ťomatoj widusín momdi. han nynkó·ju-ťomatoj myjdí.

10. haće pejím ?opejín welkójťomatoj myhé. han ?estóm káwdi ?ydikín pettujín ?éťomatoj mynko jućé. han kələdáwtomatoj. han bokítťomatoj

myhém hojdí. haće, "?ypáj ni· bokotná tó·nos min," háťomatoj.

11. han to kójťomatoj jamaním nokná myhé pywná. haće, "?okóbe ni," háťomatoj. haće, "ha·n," háťomatoj.

12. "my·m ?o· sapwijpaj bendojin ja·wekoj hap," háťomatoj. haće,
"by·kménte ?ymít," háťomatoj pejím. haće hilitím pe·ním ?opá·juťomatoj
mé?en. haće weté by·kménte ?unóťomatoj.

13. han 'étomatoj kan hesím mówpem pe·ním jýj'en ka·ćé by·kménte 'unóťomatoj. han 'étomatoj kan kopím jollépjollép pe·sipdí. 'haće weté by·kménte hekenóťomatoj kopí 'estó.

14. han?éťomatoj pajjoćé solićé lokojé m nisena né. haće pejím, pajeltiwá myhé," háťomatoj. haće pajéltíťomatoj. haće sapwijím ?okó?isín ?ysípťomatoj myjná n.

15. han, "ćajkým ?o· bendój sapwíjpaj ja wekój hap," háťomatoj pejím. haće ja wekójťomatoj, "wi p min da kmá məllə kokó waćáťju." 23. At night the little one cried for water. His mother went to look for water. She fell into the hole. She died there. Those two little ones are said to do the thundering. They are said to make lightning. Those two little ones are said to live at that end (of the world?) making thunder.

5. Sison

- 1. One day Sison went to the mountains. In the mountains he lay on his back. He was gazing up in the air and saw an eagle. The eagle flew around. He turned around and came to the ground alighting near him.
 - 2. "What are you doing here?" he said.
 - 3. "I am just lying down," said (Sison).
 - 4. "When you are joy-walking you should go to my house," said Eagle.
 - 5. "Where is your camp?" said (Sison).
- 6. "Do you see the big hill over there, do you see those three black rocks? That is my camp."
 - 7. "How many days will it take me to go there?"
 - 8. "You can go there in six or seven days."
- 9. "I will go tomorrow," said (Sison). He went that morning. He travelled for seven days. He got to the foot of that mountain. He saw a spring of water. He drank very much. Then he tumbled over, his belly swelling up with water. He lay there.
- 10. Eagle, missing (him), went to look for him. When he got midways to where they had met before he turned around and saw (him) lying down. Then he came back. He alighted near him. He said, "Get on my back, I will take you."
- 11. He took (him) to the mountain top to his camp. He said, "Are you hungry?" "Yes," said (Sison).
- 12. "Kick that rock three times and say 'Open!'" said (Eagle). "Don't be afraid, go in!" said Eagle. Two panthers held their heads together across the opening so as to catch (him). But (he) went without being afraid. Again he saw two horned (creatures) who were going to gore (him); he went without being afraid. He saw, again, flames jumping back and forth in the doorway. But (he) went on without being afraid, between the flames.
- 14. He saw many Indians singing and dancing. Eagle said, "Feed him!" (They) fed (him). (He) stayed three days and went out from there.
- 15. Eagle said, "Kick the other rock three times and say 'Open!'" (It) opened. "Pick out what you want, a club, a spear, a tomahawk," (said Sagle).

16. han waćáťju məllə tojén ?ukójťomatoj. haće pejím, "bo·m pypaktodí ?ydawín dakuná·nim ma·m bo· ?ydawín ?unóbene myjé jimdykná·nim bo dí ka jím sisím bo setatajín jať mysém tujín myhé hiním byda jém hace mysém čenón tujčikím haće myjé ?unoménbene," háťomatoj.

han hontakój-17. haće sisó nim ?ydíkťomatoj my m bo m pypaktodí. han ?éťomatoj hiním byda· jacé tujín. han ketpajnóťomatoj. han kododojím 20. hudokójťomatoj. han bó ťomatoj myjní. haće tujčíkťomatoj májdykym čenón.

18. han, "hesimá n bó be nik mi," háťomatoj my ko.

19. haće, "bo·mením ni min," háťomatoj. han tujdýkťomatoj kan. siso ním ?o· hudokojín bó ťomatoj kan. haće wodojtotóťomatoj mysé kokoní syjki ttotóťomatoj. han bá ppaj wo nóťomatoj wítte m hodoná ? askalawó n han hedená ?əskələwó·n han bəʻppajim ?əskələwó·n wo·nótomatoj.

20. haće siso ním myhé məllə sedéjna wokóťomatoj.

ťomatoj.

21. han ?etatíťomatoj pejé "we·ntí· ni bə·ppajím jať mysé," háťomatoj. "?etábene ?ukojpý," háťomatoj.

22. haće, "wenném my m bo by kmením ni han ?ukojké," háťomatoj pejím

siso·né.

23. haće, "he," háťomatoj siso ním. han zukójťomatoj. ća kawnandí kotdokójťomatoj tujín. han ?éťomatoj ća ná hipinná kyjysým²1 han ?unopájťomatoj. han hudá ťomatoj ho mpé. han to jé la jí pe ní. ťomatoj my·m kyjysým la·jím pe·ní sapwijím ?okó ?isín henýmťomatoj witte·m.

24. haće siso ním, "homá n henymmeníbe hededým."

25. haće, "sapwijím ?okó ?isín henýmwesi my m," háťomatoj. haće sapwijím ?okó ?isín henýmťomatoj. haće bó·ppaj henýmtowejé·ťomatoj ?ukojín.

han kajém catná ni 26. han siso ním ?ukojín ?ydíkťomatoj kajedí. haće halawajím dyná n ?ysípťomatoj kylém. bedokojwo mítťomatoj momná sykejná pytowí. han dekené ťomatoj. "homoná ?ukojíbe mi," háťomatoj.

27. "tosím kawná ?ukojím ni," háťomatoj.

28. haće, "?okóm bonnopytóm ni· hyná ?unóp," háťomatoj. my·m ?o· bendojménće ja·wekójwesi," háťomatoj. "?isbene myjdí po·hó ?ydáwwes ni."

29. haće siso ním ?ymitín ?ísťomatoj. haće po hó ?ydáwťomatoj my m kylém wo·sakatím. han ?onóm ?anijú petíťomatoj la·jím ma· my·m kylém

wosakatím. haće myjém me?úťomatoj siso·né.

30. haće my·m kyjysým la·jím pe·ním čý·ki·tťomatoj. han wikúpťomatoj. haće ja wekó jťomatoj hedém ?o·m. haće ?ysípťomatoj mysém. myjná n ?ukójťomatoj mysém.

31. han ?ydíkťomatoj lamdí nisena né pywdí. han pebá ťomatoj wítte m

kylém nehé "tújna kas min hydí," háťomatoj.

²¹ kyjysy = 'animal.' There is no special term for 'bird.' If the context is not sufficient explanation you can say je pem kyjysy, 'winged animal,' or ho m-pe, 'nest-er.'

16. (Sison) went taking a tomahawk and a club along. Eagle said, "When you come to a fork in the road, when you come to the left-hand road, you must go that (way), on the right side road is the enemy, watching the road, brave men, when he sleeps his eye is open, then, when they wake up, they close their eyes; so you must not go that way."

17. Sison got to that fork in the road. He studied. He went to sneak up to the enemy. He saw that the eyes were open, asleep. He picked up a round rock. He hit a man with that. The man, waking up, closed his eyes.

18. "What are you hitting me for?" he said to his friend.

19. "I am not hitting you," said (his friend). He went back to sleep again. Sison picked up a stone and hit again. (They) fought and jabbed each other with their spears. They all died, one falling that way and (one) falling this way; then they all tumbled over and died.

20. Sison smeared his club in the blood. He smeared his tomahawk in the blood. He went back.

21. He showed Eagle. "I have killed all the brave men," he said. "You ought to see, let us go," he said.

22. "That is good, I am not afraid of that road, so go ahead!" said Eagle to Sison.

23. "Yes," said Sison. He went. When he got tired, he lay down under a tree and slept. He saw two little birds up in the tree. He climbed up to (them). He took down the birds. He took along those two little birds; after three days one (of them) talked.

24. Sison (said), "Why does not this one talk?"

25. "He will talk in three days," said (the bird). After three days (he) talked. They all talked along as they went.

26. As he went, Sison came to a lake. He went along the bank of the lake. A woman came out from a black willow bush. She ran right into the water waist deep. She stood (there). "Where are you going?" (she) said.

27. "I am going to the north country," (he) said.

28. "The sun is almost down, go to my house!" (she) said. "If you kick that rock three times (it) will open," (she) said. "You must stay there, I will come in the night."

29. Sison went in and stayed. In the night that pretty woman came. That pretty woman made (him) wear a hair ring on his finger. That kept Sison.

30. Those two little birds scratched. They pulled (it) off. Then that rock opened up. They went out. They went away from there.

31. They came to an Indian camp far away. (He) asked one old woman, Can I sleep in your house?" he said.